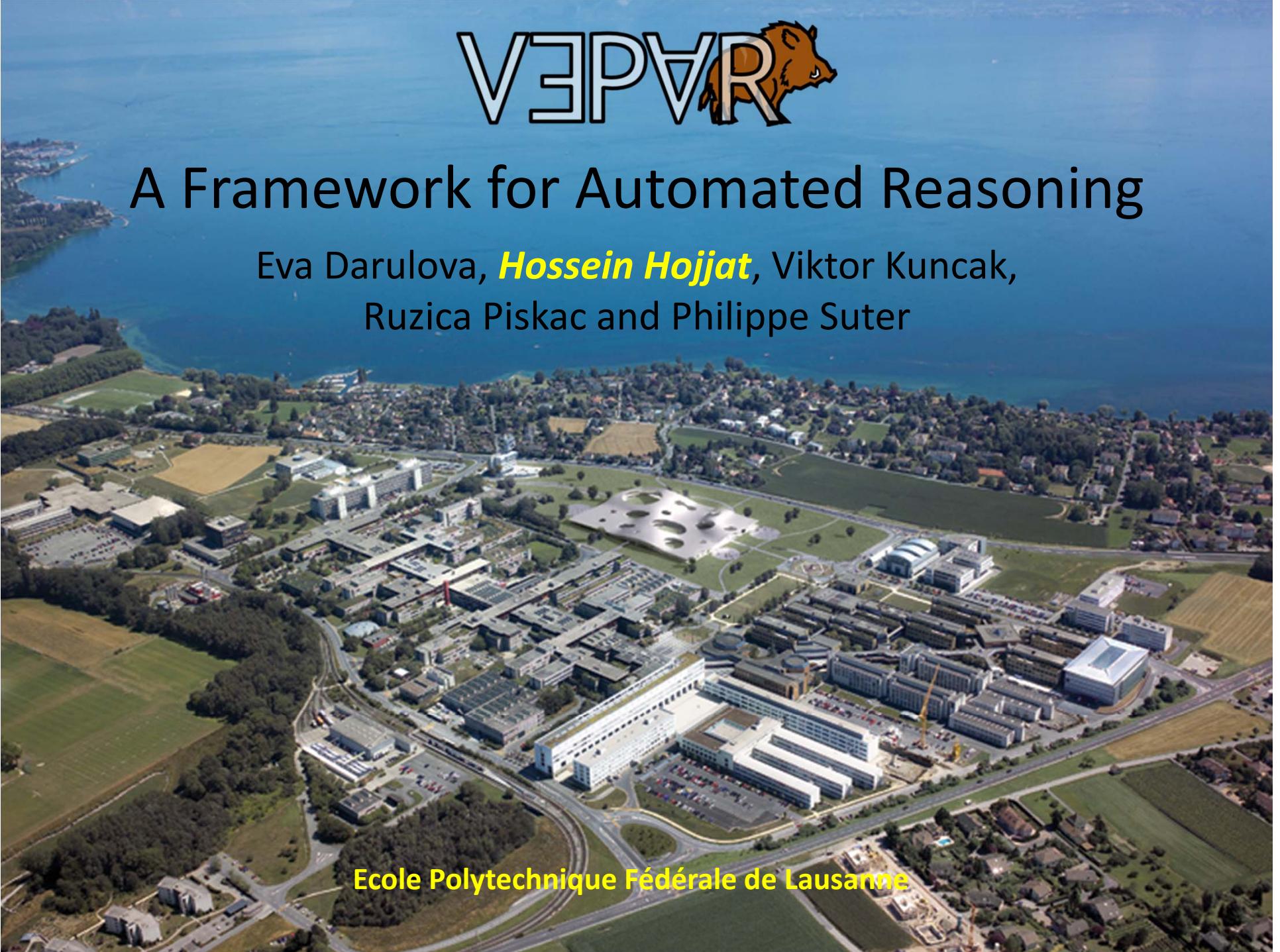


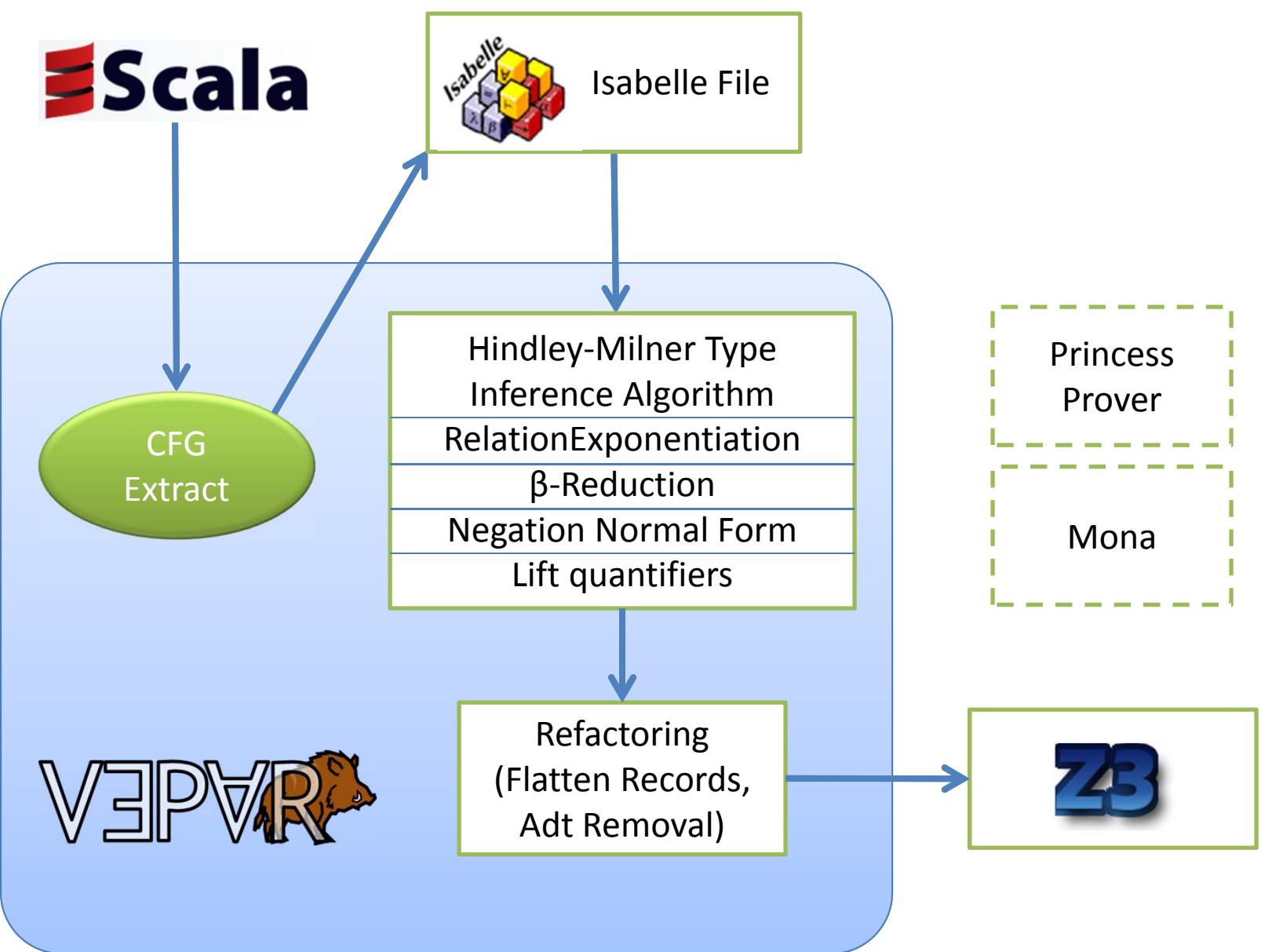


A Framework for Automated Reasoning

Eva Darulova, **Hossein Hojjat**, Viktor Kuncak,
Ruzica Piskac and Philippe Suter

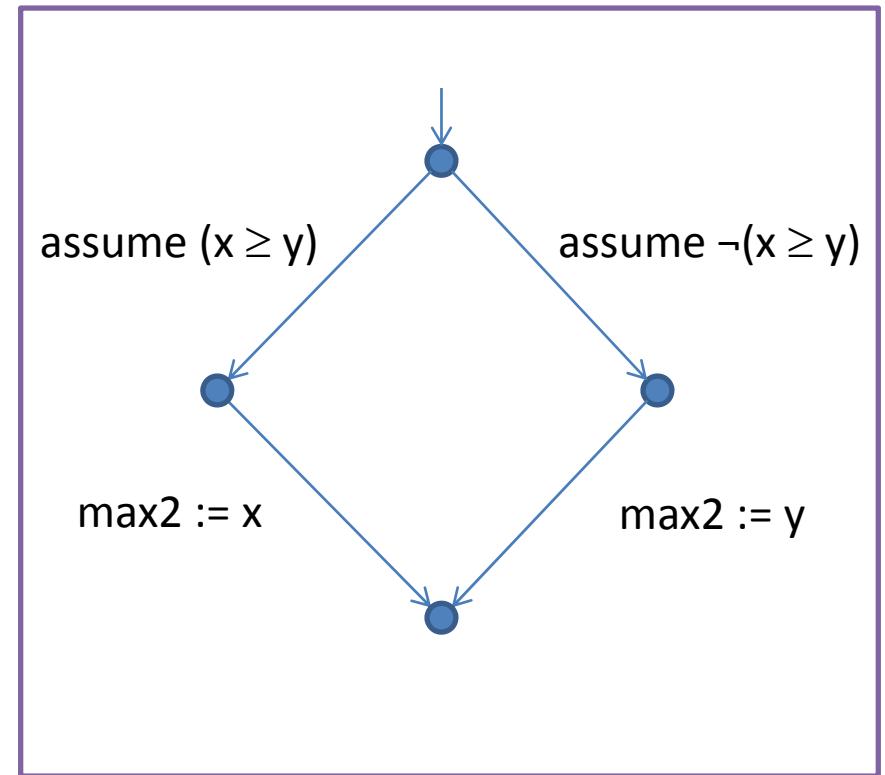
Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne

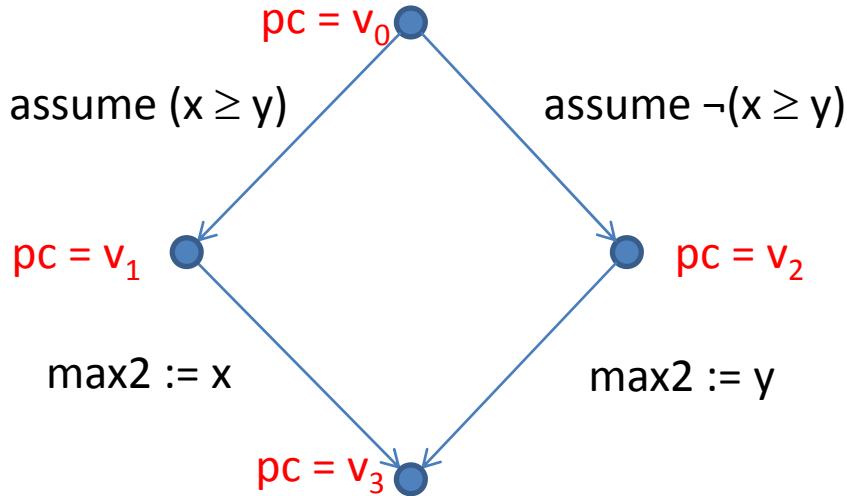




From program to CFG

```
def max2(x: Int, y: Int): Int = {  
    if( x >= y) x else y  
}
```





```

record state =
  pc      :: label
  x       :: int
  y       :: int
  max2   :: int

definition program :: "(state × state) set" where
  "program ≡ {(s,s'). s' = (pc s = v0) ∧ s'(| pc := v1) ∧ (x s >= y s) ∨
               (pc s = v0) ∧ s' = s'(| pc := v2) ∧ ¬(x s >= y s) ∨
               (pc s = v1) ∧ s' = s'(| pc := v3, max2 := x s ) ∨
               (pc s = v2) ∧ s' = s'(| pc := v3, max2 := y s )}"

```

```

def max2(x: Int, y: Int): Int = {
  if( x >= y) x else y
  assert ( max2 >= x && max2 >=y )
}

```

```

record state =
  pc      :: label
  x       :: int
  y       :: int
  max2    :: int
  error   :: bool

definition program :: "(state × state) set" where
"program ≡ {(s,s'). s' = (pc s = v0) ∧ s' ( pc := v1) ∧ (x s >= y s) ∨
  (pc s = v0) ∧ s' = s ( pc := v2) ∧ ¬(x s >= y s) ∨
  (pc s = v1) ∧ s' = s ( pc := v3, max2 := x s ) ∨
  (pc s = v2) ∧ s' = s ( pc := v3, max2 := y s )}"
  (pc s = v3) ∧ s' = s ( pc := ve, error := True) ∧ (max2 s < x ∨ max2 s < y)}"

lemma assert: "∀s. ∀s'. (pc s = v0) ∧ (error s = False) ∧ (program∞)(s,s') →
  (error s' = False)"

```

Control Flow Graph in Isabelle

```
record state =  
  var0 :: type0  
  ...  
  varn :: typen  
  error :: bool
```

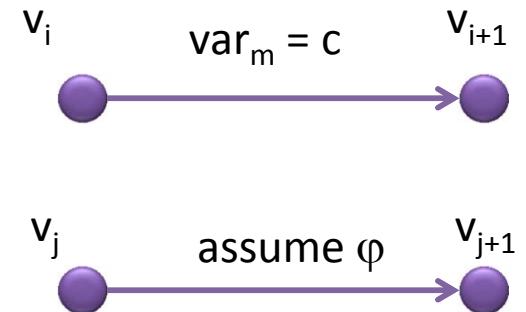
program variables

```
definition program :: "(state × state) set" where  
"program ≡ {(s,s')".
```

```
  ... ∨  
  (pc s = vi) ∧ s' = s( pc := vi+1 , varm = c ) ∨
```

```
  ... ∨  
  (pc s = vj) ∧ φ ∧ s' = s( pc := vj+1 ) ∨
```

```
  ... } "
```



```
lemma assert: "∀s. ∀s'. (pc s = v0) ∧ (error s = False) ∧ (program^n)(s,s') →  
  (error s' = False)"
```

Bounded model checking

```

record state =
  x      :: int
  pc     :: label

```

definition program :: "(state × state) set" **where**
 "program ≡ {(s,s').

$$\begin{aligned} & \dots \vee \\ & (\text{pc } s = v_i) \wedge s' = s(\text{pc} := v_j, x = c) \\ & \vee \dots \}'' \end{aligned}$$

 Record Flattening:
 Replace records with their fields 

definition program :: "(int × label × int × label) set" **where**
 "program ≡ {(s_x, s_pc, s'_x, s'_pc).

$$\begin{aligned} & \dots \vee \\ & (s_{\text{pc}} = v_i) \wedge (s'_{\text{pc}} = v_j) \wedge (s'_x = c) \\ & \vee \dots \}'' \end{aligned}$$

From Isabelle to SMT-LIB

```
record state =  
  x :: int  
  
definition program :: "(state × state) set" where  
  "program ≡ {(s,s'). (s' = s ∘ x := 0)}"  
  
lemma dumb: " ∀s. ∀s'. state. (program(s,s') ^ ^ 2) → (x s' = 0)"
```



```
lemma dumb: "∃s_x. ∃s'_x. (s'_x = 0) ∧ (¬(s'_x = 0))"
```

Negation
Conversion to SMT-LIB

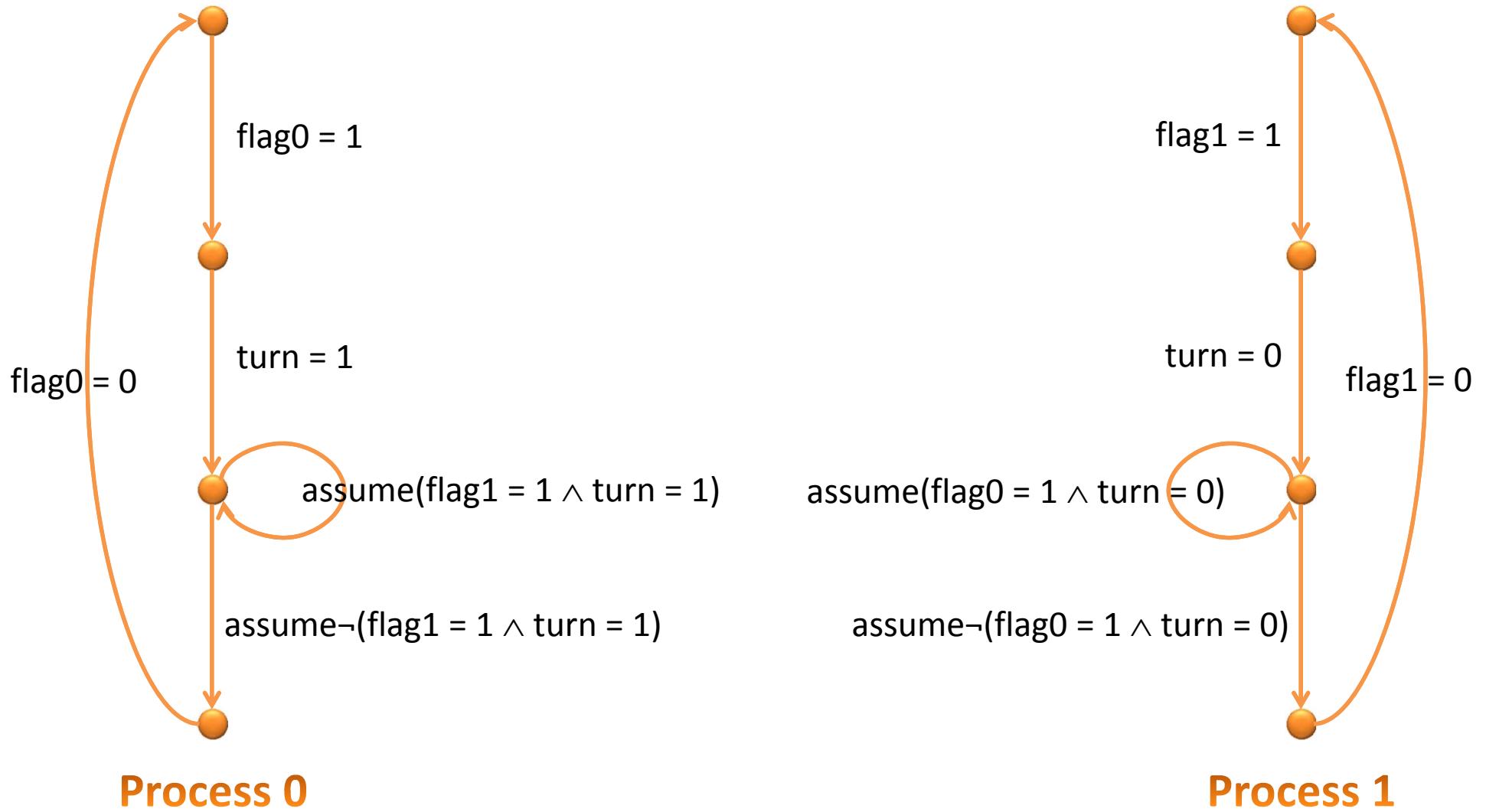


```
(and (= (s'_x) 0) (not (= (s'_x) 0))))
```



Demo

Peterson's algorithm



```

record state =
  pc0    ::  label
  pc1    ::  label
  flag0   ::  nat
  flag1   ::  nat
  turn    ::  nat

```

definition transition :: "(state × state) set" **where**

"transition ==

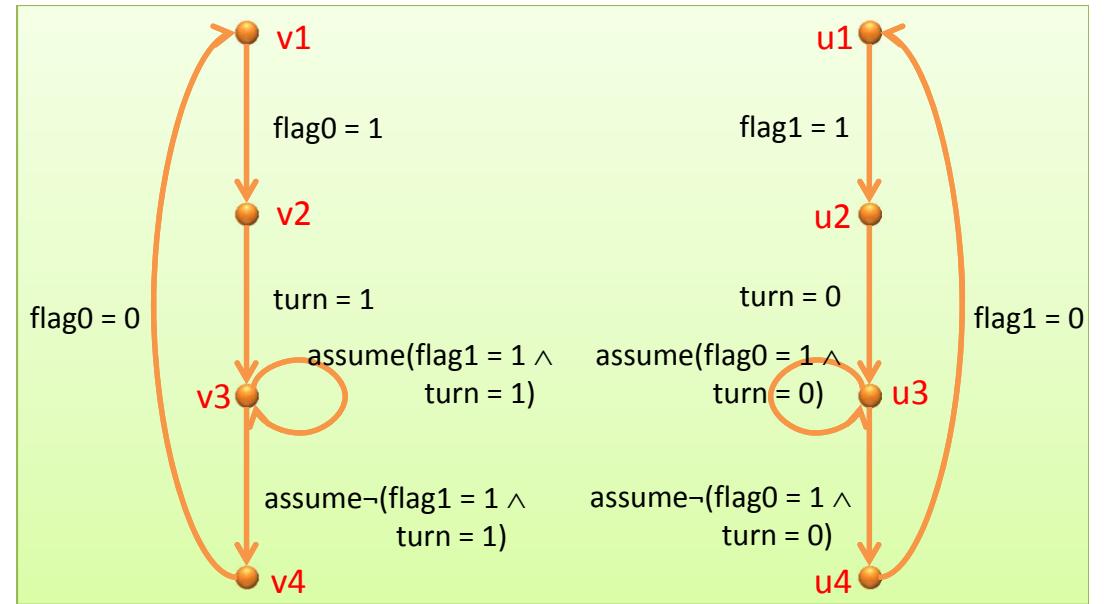
```

  {(s,s')}.
  (((pc0 s) = v1)  $\wedge$  s' = s(|pc0 := v2,flag0 := 1|) | 
  (((pc0 s) = v2)  $\wedge$  s' = s(|pc0 := v3,turn := 1|) | 
  (((pc0 s) = v3)  $\wedge$  s' = s  $\wedge$  (flag1 s = 1)  $\wedge$  (turn s = 1) | 
  (((pc0 s) = v3)  $\wedge$  s' = s(|pc0 := v4|)  $\wedge$   $\neg$  (flag1 s = 1  $\wedge$  turn s = 1) | 
  (((pc0 s) = v4)  $\wedge$  s' = s(|pc0 := v1,flag0 := 0|) | 
  (((pc1 s) = u1)  $\wedge$  s' = s(|pc1 := u2,flag1 := 1|) | 
  (((pc1 s) = u2)  $\wedge$  s' = s(|pc1 := u3,turn := 0|) | 
  (((pc1 s) = u3)  $\wedge$  s' = s  $\wedge$  (flag0 s = 1)  $\wedge$  (turn s = 0) | 
  (((pc1 s) = u3)  $\wedge$  s' = s(|pc1 := u4|)  $\wedge$   $\neg$  (flag0 s = 1  $\wedge$  turn s = 0) | 
  (((pc1 s) = u4)  $\wedge$  s' = s(|pc1 := u1,flag1 := 0|) | 
  (s = s')

```

"

lemma critical: " $\forall s. \forall s'. (pc0 s = v1) \wedge (pc1 s = u1) \wedge (\text{transition}^{\wedge 10}(s,s') \rightarrow \neg (pc0 s' = v4 \wedge pc1 s' = u4))$ "



Uncertainty on the unrolling number

Conclusions

- Framework for reasoning about programs
- Currently supports small subset of Scala programs
- Translation to Isabelle and from Isabelle to Z3

Future Work

- Incorporate more reasoning engines
- Support for Scala actors
- Connection to Isabelle/HOL